Cadiovascular System-1

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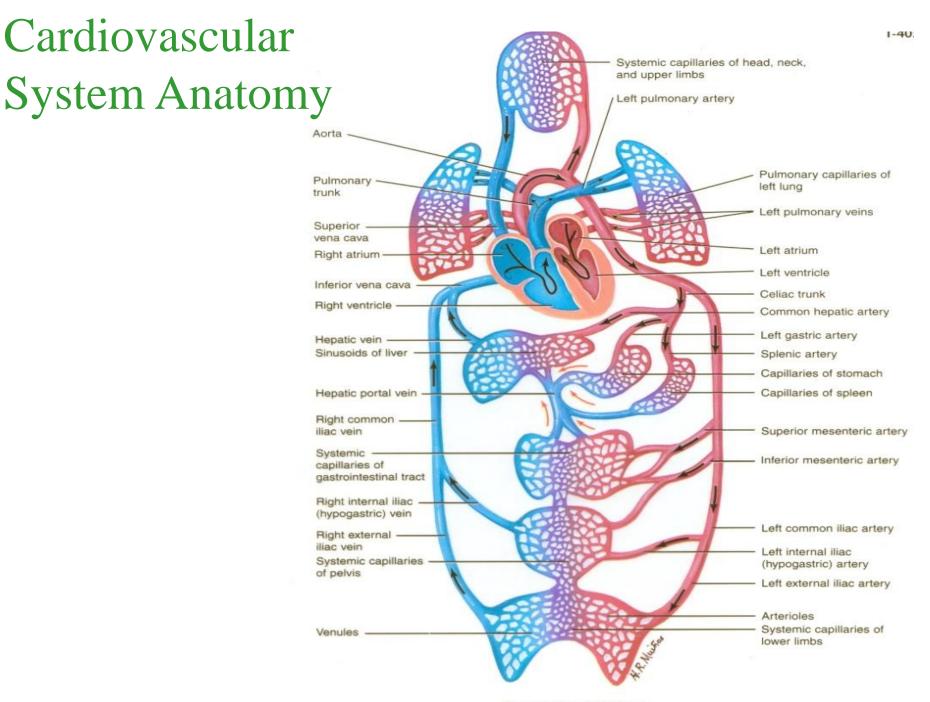
Clinical Problem

A 54 years old man seen in the cardiology clinic complaining of severe weakness, fatigue, dry cough, weight gain and difficulty in breathing. He feels severe shortness of breath while walking up stairs of his second floor apartment. He still complains of lesser severity of symptoms at rest. He states he often awakens at night feeling like he was suffocating. He is now sleeping with three pillows under his head. Lately he has taken to fall asleep while he is sitting watching T.V. He also complains of having to urinate 3-4 times per night. He was hospitalized with heart problem two months ago and was told that the efficiency of his heart is less than 30% and he needs ?? and has to wait until??. On examination his weight is 95Kg, height is 165 cm, blood pressure was 140/85 mmHg, his heart rate 90 beats/min and regular, his resp. rate is 28/min and labored.

Auscultation of the heart reveals abnormal heart sounds

Objectives:

- Introduction to the CVS physiology
- Review the anatomy of the CVS.
- List the functions of the CVS
- Comprehend the pump nature of the heart



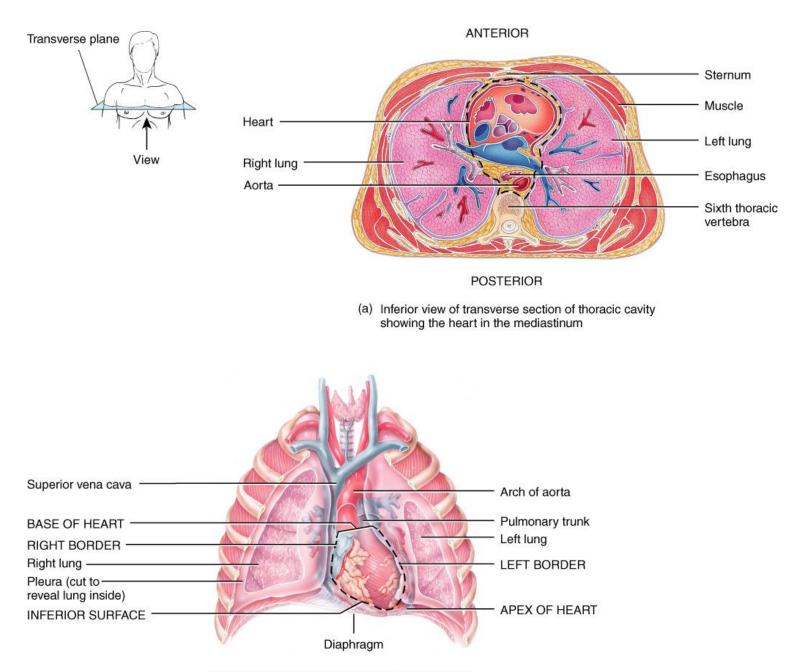
General plan of circulation

History of cardiac Transplant

- In 1967, Christiaan Barnard in Cape Town, South Africa transplanted the first Human Heart removed from a 25-year-old woman who had died following an auto accident and placed it in the chest of Louis Washkansky, a 55-year-old man dying of heart damage. The patient survived for 18 days. The problem was Rejection- Cyclosporine – immunosuppressant -decreased that.
- In 1984, the world's first successful pediatric heart transplant was performed at Columbia on a four-year-old boy. He received a second transplant in 1989 and continues to live a productive life today.

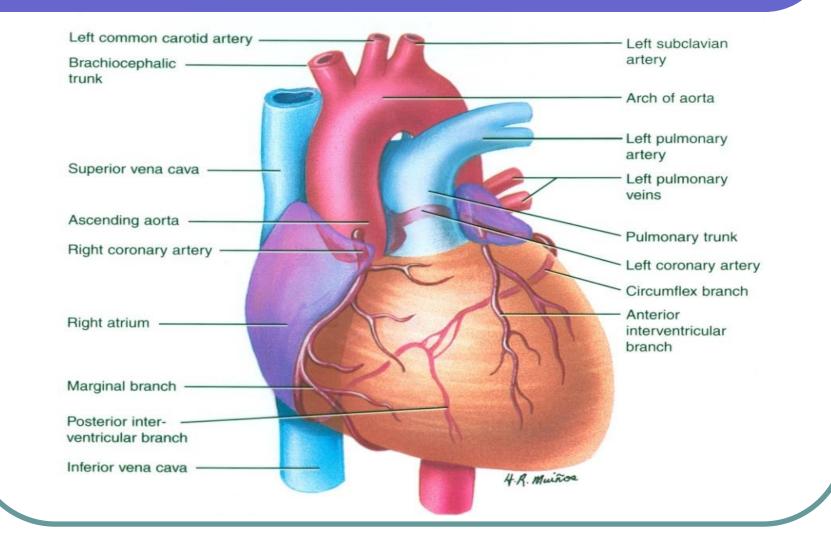
History of cardiac Transplant...cont

- In 1984, in Linda Loma, California, Leonard Bailey, implanted a baboon heart into a 12-day-old girl, she survived for twenty days.
- In 1982 in University of Utah, the first Total Artificial Heart was implanted in the chest a dentist Barney Clark by William DeVries. Clark survived for 112 days-The problem was blood clotting.

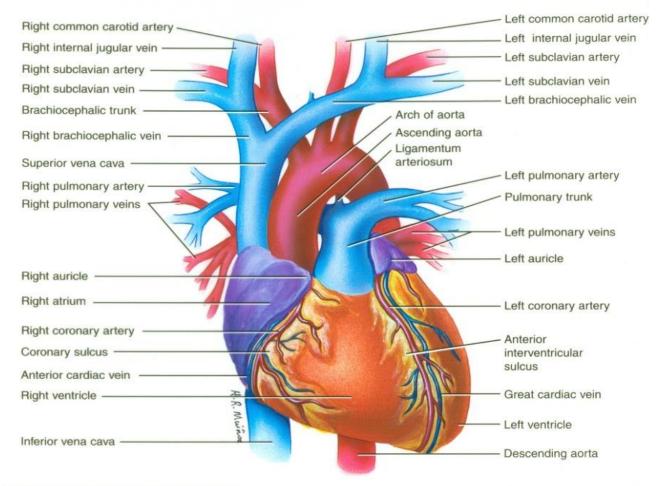


(b) Anterior view of the heart in the mediastinum

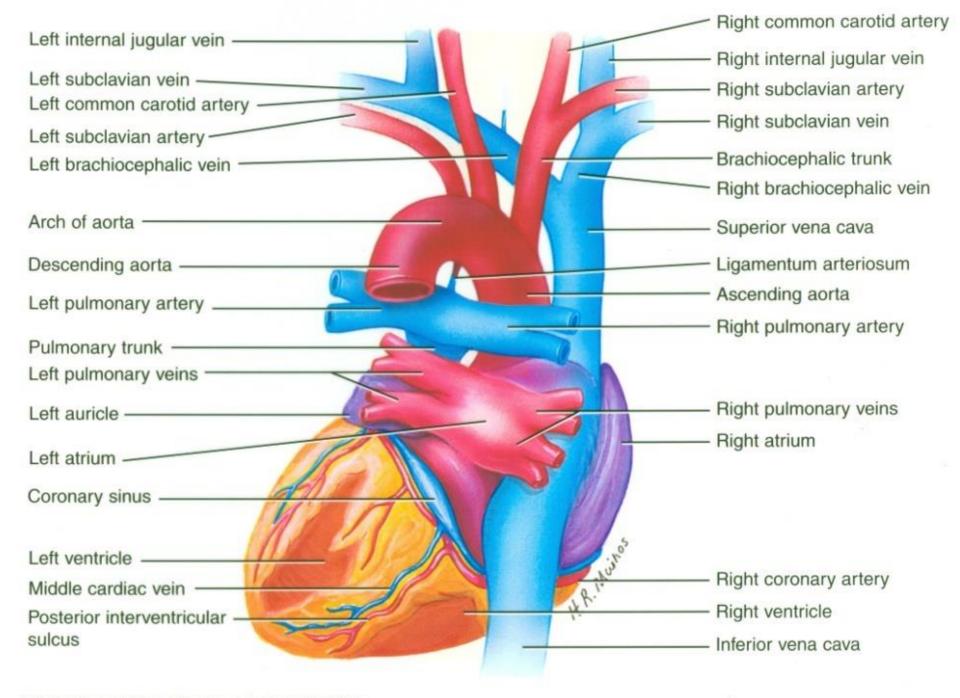
Anatomy of the heart



Anatomy of the heart

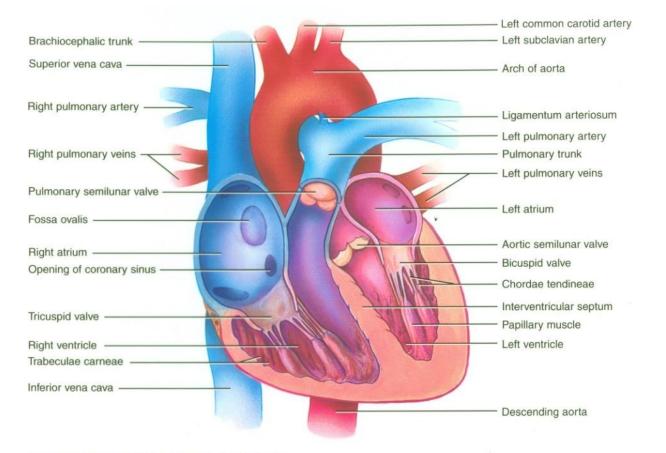


Anterior External View of Structure of Heart, Fig# 20.4a

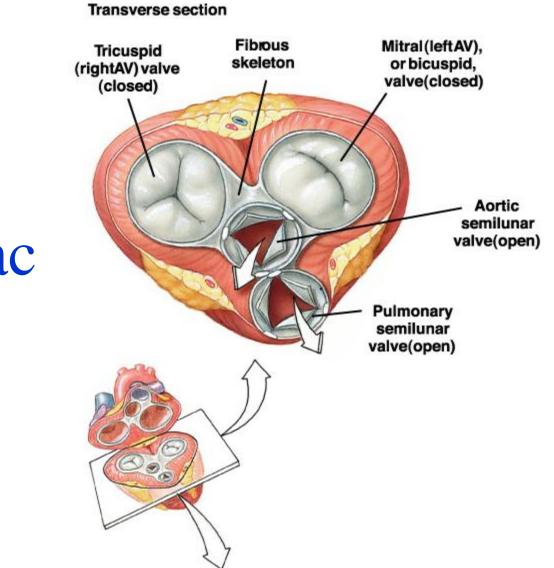


Posterior External View of Structure of Heart, Fig# 20.4c

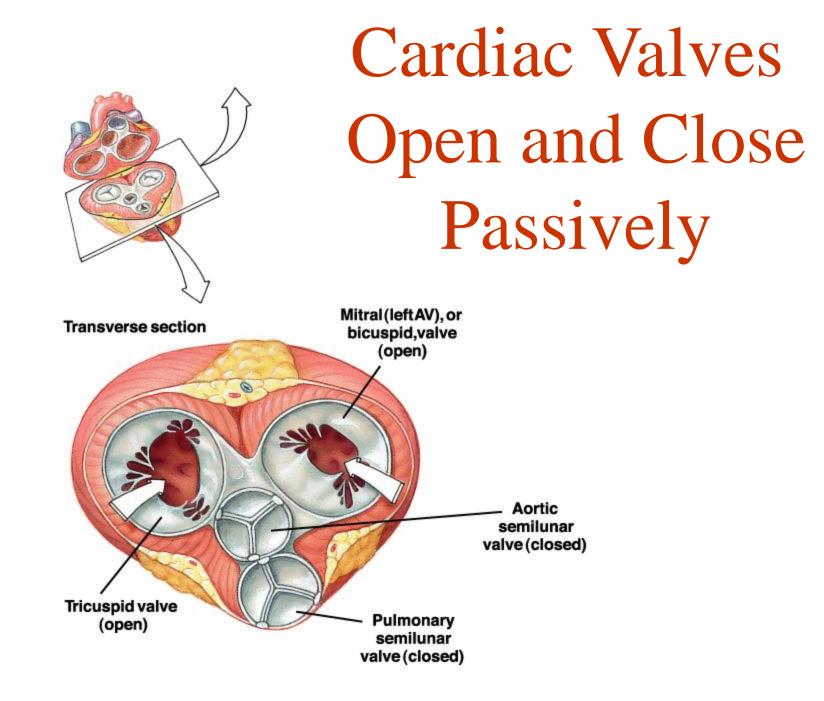
Cardiac valves



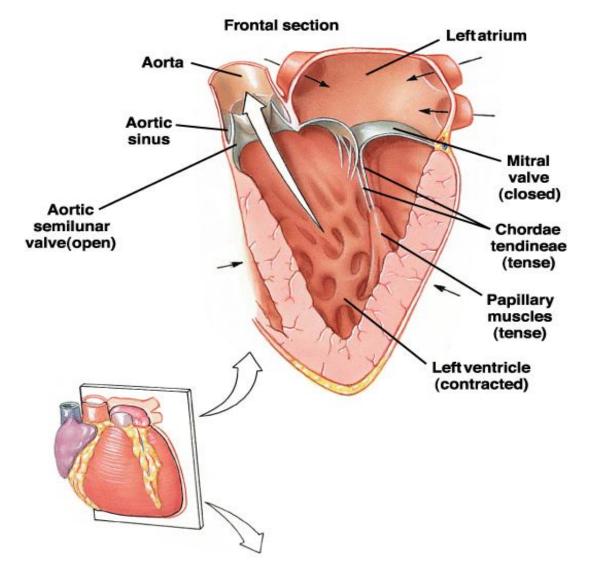
Anterior View of Frontal Section of Structure of Heart, Fig# 20.4d



Cardiac valves



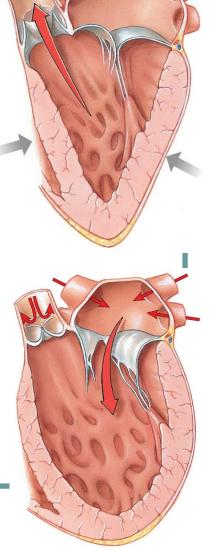
Importance of Chordae Tendineae



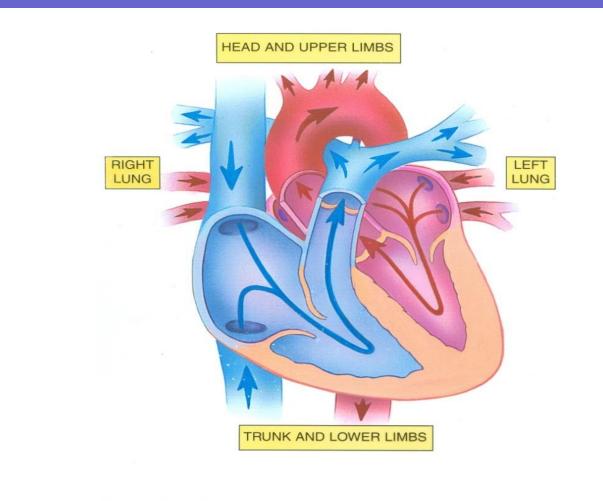
Importance of Chordae Tendineae Pulmonary veins Frontal section Mitral valve (open) Chordae tendineae Aortic (relaxed) semilunar valve(closed) Papillary muscles (relaxed) Left ventricle (dilated)

Functional Anatomy of the Heart Valves

- Function is to prevent backflow
 - Atrioventricular Valves
 - Prevent backflow to the atria
 - Prolapse is prevented by the chorda tendinae
 - Tensioned by the papillary muscles
 - Semilunar Valves
 - Prevent backflow into ventricles



Movement of blood in the heart



Blood Flow: Path of Blood Through Heart, Fig# 20.6a

Thank You

